### ELECTRONICS (C 2) : (Paper-I) X

### (100 Marks)

### 4 Lectures/Week) (80 Lectures)

 Sources of Electrical Power, Internal impedance of Source, Concept of voltage and corrent source, power, kirchhoff's current and voltage law, Superposition theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Maximum power transfer theorem. (Only with dc sources and simple resistive network with maximum two sources only)

(Ref. : Bhargeva Sec. 2.1 to 2.4, Grob Sec. 9.1,9.2,10.1 to 10.6)

Review of Electromagnetism and electrostatics (Ref. : Grob 13.1 to 13.4, 14.1 to 14.5, 15.1 to 15.7)

(20 Lectures) (25% Marks)

#### AC Fundamentals

Generation of AC, the sine wave, alternating current, voltage and current values for a sine wave. Amplitude frequency, period, wavelength, phase angle, the time factor in frequency and phase. Non-sinosoida( AC waveforms, 50 HZ ac power time (Phase, neutral and ground), concept of impedance and reactance.

(Ref. : Grob Sec. 16.2 to 16.12, 16.14)

(10 Lectures) (15% Marks)

### Instruments

Permanent Magnet Moving Coil Mechanism (PMMC), DC ammeters, DC voltmeters, Voltmeter sensitivity, series type, shunt type ohmmeter (Loading Effect), multirange ammeter and voltmeter

(Ref. : Cooper 4.3 to 4.6, 4.8 and 4.9)

(12 Lectures) (15% Marks)

### Study of Components

Resistors - Fixed and movable (types, properties and their uses)

Capacitors - Concept of copecitance, different types of dielectrics, electrolyric and non electrolyric types and their properties, series and parallel combination of capacitors. Study of charging and discharging of capacitor (Assuming final expression) concept of time constant.

Relay: Construction and operation of electromagnetic relay, reed relay, specification of relays such as current voltage ratings, contact current ratings, number of contacts.

Switches: Study of different types of switches.

Batteries : Rechargeable cells, NiCd & Li cells, solar cells.

Accessories for circuit construction

Types of wires, Lug/Tag boards, PCB, Breadboard.

Knowledge of significant technical specifications of components expected.

(Ref. : Grob 6.1 to 6.8, 17.1, 17.5, 17.7, 17.8, 20.1 to 20.10, 17.6)

(38 Lectures) (45% Marks)

### References :

- 1. Basic Electronics (First Metric Edition)
  Bernard Grob
  MaGraw Hill Book Company
- Basic Electronics and Lincar Circuits
   N.N.Bhargava, D.C.Kulshreshtha, S.C.Gupta
   Tata Megraw- Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Electronic Instrumentation and Measuring Techniques (3rd Edition)
  W.D.Cooper, A.D. Helfrick
  Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

### ELECTRONICS (C2) XI (Paper-II)

### (100 Marks)

### (4 lectures/week)(80 lectures)

### Semiconductor

Atomic structure, Energy levels, crystals, concept of hole, Energy bands of materials. Intrinsic Semiconductors, Extrinsic Semiconductors, concept of doping, N Type, P Type Semiconductor. Formation of p-n junction, barrier potential, depletion region, Forward and reverse biasing of diode characteristics of a p-n junction

(Ref. : Bhargava 3.1 to 3.6, 4.1 to 4.3 OR MALVINO 2.1 to 2.8)

(10 lectures) (15% Marks)

### Study of Transistor

Bipolar transistor - Structure and working, Relation between different currents in a transistor, Sign conventions, transistor configuration - CE, CB and CC and their comparison, Characteristics of CE amphlifier, DC load line, Transistor as switch.

JFET - Structure and operation of FET, Characteristics and parameters

MOSFET-Depletion and enhancement type MOSFET UJT- Structure and characteristics of UJT

(Ref. : Bhargava - 5.1 to 5.4, 5.6, 5.8, 5.7-2 to 5.10-1, 5.14-1 to 5.14.-3. Malvino : 13.1, 13.4, 21.6, 12.1)

(20 lectures) (25 % Marks)

### Study of Semiconductor Components

Types of diodes - power, signal, Zener, Varactor, Schottky, photodiode, LED. (Symbols, features and applications) Types of transistors - power, switching and photo transistors. Study of SCR, TRIAC and DIAC

(Ref. : Bhargava - 4.9, Malvino : 4.1 to 4.6, 5.8, 21.3,21.5

(15 lectures) (20% Marks)

### Amplifiers

Concept of amplification, transistor biasing, collector self bias and potential <u>divider bias</u> its merits and demerits. Function of emitter resistor in bias stabilization. It's advantages and disadvantages. Study of single stage CE amplifier. Frequency response, band — width, Gain band width product. (concept of negative feedback in amplifiers)

Types of couplings in multistage amplifiers (Merits and demerits)

Classification in amplifiers, study of differential amplifier.

(Ref. : Bhargava 7.2 to 7.5, 7.6-2 to 7.6-3, 7.6-4, 9.1 to 9.4, 9.7 Malvino : 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 15.2)

(25 lectures) (30% Marks)

5. Classification of Oscillators, Positive feedback amplifier as oscillator. Conditions for oscillation, LC Oscillators - Hartley and colpitts oscillators. RC oscillators phase shift, wien-bridge

(Ref. : Bhargava 13.1 to 13.4, 13.5-3, 13.6, 13.6-3)

(10 lectures) (10%. Marks)

### References :

- 1. Basic Electronics and Linear circuits
  N.N.Bhargava, D.C.Kulshreshtha, S.C.Gupta
  Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- Electronic Principles (Third Edition)
   A.P.Malvino
   Tata McGrow Hill Publishing Company Ltd.

...

4 Lectures/week) (80 lectures)

#### Instruments

ed Detail, study of CRT (Mathematical Part not expected). How a CRO displays waveform, block diagram of CRO, Front pan el controls, Application of CRO.

Function Generator - basic elements of function generator.

Digital Multimeter - block diagram

(Ref. : Bhargava 14.4 and Cooper)

(12 lectures) (15% Marks)

### Power Supply

Half wave rectifier, full wave rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, filter circuit, load regulation, line regulation, zener as voltage regulator. Basic principle of voltage regulation using transistor circuit.

Three terminal regulator IC's

Basic Principle of SMPS and its advantages

(Ref. : Malvino 3.3 to 3.6, 19.1 to 19.4, 19.6)

(12 lectures) (20% Marks)

### Transducers

Classification of transducers, Selection of transducers types of transducers, working of following transducers - Thermistor, LDR, capacitive transducer, LVDT, Piezo electric crystal, speaker, gas sensor, Opto coupler

(Ref. : Cooper)

(10 lectures) (10% Marks)

### Operational Amplifiers

Necessity of Op Amr, block diagram of Op-Amp, Op-Amp parameters. Linear applications of Op-Amp: Inverting and Non-Inverting, Amplifier, Buffer amplifier, concept of virtual ground. Adder subtractor, Integrator and Differentiator circuits.

(Definition in each case expected)

Non-liner Applications - Comparator, Schmitt trigger

(Ref. : Gaikwad., Malvino - 15.5, 15.6, 17.1(Fig.17.1), 17.2(Fig.17.7), 17.4(fig. 17.17a only), 18.2(fig.18.5), 18.4 (fig.18.13a), 18.9, 18.6 (fig. 18.20a)

(12 lectures) (25% Marks)

### Modern Electronic Communication : 5.

The elements of communication system, types of electronic communication, survey of communication applications, electronic spectrum, concept of bandwidth, AM principles, Modulation index and percentage ofmodulation, sidebands and frequency domain, Frequency modulation (Principle), phase modulation (principle)

Types of communication satellites, satellite communication system, application overview of satellite communication. Concept of digital communication.

Introduction to Modems

Introduction to computer networks

Use of fibre optics in communication

Review of some modern communication applications : concept of FACSIMILE, Cellular radio and Radar.

(Ref. : Frenzel : 1.2 to 1.6, 2-1 to 2.3, 4.1, 4.2, 11.1, 11.2, 11.5, 12.1, 12.2, 12.4, 13.1, 14.1 (P.No. 376 to 378 exclude CCD (319,320) (P.No. 382 to 383) 14.3 (P.No. 388 to 393)

> (24 lectures) (20%, Marks)

#### Study of Integrated Circuits : 6.

Block ciagram, pin functions and simple applications of the following IC's - 555, 741 and LM 317 use of IC-555 as astable and monostable.

(Ref. : Data book and application notes)

(10 lectures) (10% Marks)

## ELECTRONICS (C2) XII (Paper-II)

(100 Marks)

(4 lectures/week)(80 lectures)

### Number system and Boolean Algebra :

Decimal, Binary and Hexadecimal number system, BCD code, Binary to decimal and decimal to binary conversion, Hex to Binary and Binary to Hex conversion, Hex to Decimal and Decimal to Hex conversion, ASCII code, Binary Arithmetic.

(Ref. : Jain 2.2 to 2.3, 2.8, 2.5, 2.6, 2.9-7) or (M.B. 1.1 to 1.13 except 1.6)

(10 lectures) (15% Marks)

### Basic Logic Gates

Study of NOT, OR, AND gates, Symbols and truth tables, boolean algebra; NAND, NOR as universal building blocks, De Morga n's therems, EXOR gate, Half Adder, Full Adder.

(Ref. : Jain : 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6 or M.B. : 2.1 to 2.4, 3.1 to 3.5

(10 lectures) (15 % Marks)

### Logic families and IC specification

Introduction to logic families - bipolar logic families and unipolar logic families.

Characteristics of Digital IC's, TTL NAND gale, CMOS, NAND, NOT, NOR gales.

Open collector TTL NAND gate, tristate concept, tristate TTL NAND gate.

(Ref. : Jain 4.1.1, 4.1.2, 4.2, 4.8, 4.12, 4.13 or Malvino Ch.6 and Ch.7)

(12 Lectures) (107.Marks)

## Multiplexers - De Multiplexers, Encoder-Decoder

Multiplexers and their use in combinational logic design, Combinational logic design using multiplexers. DeMultiplexer and its use in combinational logic design

Encoder - Priority encoders Decoder - decoder, and drivers for display devices.

(Ref. : Jain 6.2.1 to 6.2.2, 6.3.1, 6.10 and 6.11)

(12 lectures) (20%:Marks)

## Flip Flops, Counters and Registers

on with Pint clock, clocked S-R flip flop, D flip flop, T

Registers, Shift register

(Ref. : Jain 7.3 to 7.6, 7.9, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5)

(14 lectures) (20 % Marks)

### A/D and D/A convertors

Introduction, Digital to Analog convertor - weighted resistor ladder, R-2R ladder.

Analog to digital convertor - counter type ADC, Successive approximation A/D convertor

(Ref. Malvino Leach : 13.1, 13.2, 13.6 and 13.8)

(12 lectures) (12% Marks)

### 7, Computer:

Block diagram of computer, concept of bus, study of Input Output devices like keyboard, mouse, light pen, digitizer, printer and its types, plotters.

Study of memory devices like hard disk, floppy drives, semiconductor memory, magnetic tape

Specifications of computer

(Ref. : Computer and Commonsence - Hunt and Shelly)

(10 lectures) (8% Marks)

### References :

- Modern Digital Electronics R.P. Jain Tata McGrow Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.,
- 2. Digital Computer Electronics A.P. Malvino and J.A.Brown (Third Edition) Tata McGraw hill Publishing Co. Ltd.)

. . . .

## ELECTRONICS (XI)(PAPER-I) (Practical-I)

(4 periods week)

### TOPICS

- Study of Thevenin's thm. (to prove the theorem with equivalent circuits. Network with 4-5 resistors and one source)
- To prove maximum power transfer theorem
- Study of sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal waveform on CRO. (Demonstration of period, frequency, amplitude and phase for sine, triangular, square waveforms)
- Use of PMMC movement to construct voltmeter and multirange voltmeter.
- Use of PMMC movement to construct ammeter and multirange ammeter.
- Study of multimeter (analog and digital) to measure voltage, current and resistance.
- Study of loading effect using analogue meter, study of errors.
- Study of various resistors. Study of potential divider arrangement using fixed and variable resistors.
   Balancing of simple wheatstone's bridge using two variable resisters in opposite arms (potentiometers)
- Identification of capacitors. To study charging and discharging of capacitor and plot V-I curve.
- Study of relay. Measure pull-in and drop-out voltage and current for relay. Study of reed relay.
- Study of various types of switches
- 12. To prepare a simple inductor using bobbin and copperwise, then study the effect of different cores.
- Construction of a simple bridge rectifier using filter capacitor by soldering the components on tag/lug board.
- Construction of a simple multivibrator circuit using IC 555 on PCB.
- 15. Construct a CE amplifier on breadboard.
- 16. To determine turns ratio of a given transformer. Study its regulation factor and power-rating

NOTE Student must perform 15 practicals in each paper.

· · · ·

# ELECTRONICS (XI)(PAPER-II) (Practical-II)

(4 periods week)

### TOPICS :

- 1. Study of P type / n type semiconductor for resistive characteristics. Effect of Temperature. (using BFw10/2N 2666)
- Forward and revarse characteristics of P-n junction Ge, Si & LED) (all three)
- Testing of different types of diode and transistors using multimeters.
- 4. Study of input and output characteristics of CE configaration. (Determine).
- 5. Study of FET characteristics
- Study of UJT characteristics
- Transistor as a switch, use of transistor to drive LED, buzzer and relay
- Study of photodiode and phototransistor (Demo expt)
- Study of amplification using simple amplifier
- Study frequency response of given audio frequency amplifier.
- To measure input and output resistance of a CE amplifier.
- 12. Study of half wave rectifier and full wave rectifier load regulation (full wave using two diodes & centre top transformer)
- bridge

  13. Study of full wave rectifier regulation
- 14. Study of given sinusoidal oscillator and measure its oscillating frequency.
- Study of simple burglar alarm using SCR, piezo buzzer and LDR.
- Demonstration experiment on negative and positive feedback concept.
- 17. Study of role of equalizer circuit in an amplifier (demo)
- NOTE Student must perform atleast 15 practicals from above experiments.

. . . .

# ELECTRONICS (XII) (PAPER-I) (Practical-I)

(4 periods-week)

### TOPICS:

- Study of front pannel controls of CRO.
   Use of CRO for frequency and phase measurement.
- Study of Zener diode as voltage regulator load regulation.
- 3. Study of variable dc supply using IC 317 load regulation and line regulation.
- 4. Study of temperature characteristics of thermistor. To measure melting point of wax using thermistor.
- Study of photorelay using LDR.
- Study of opto coupler, and its use in determination of RPM.
- 7. Inverting amplifier using OPAMP
- 8. Non-inverting amplifier, using OP AMP
- 9. Adder using OP AMP
- 10. Subtractor cicuit using OP AMP
- Use of Op-Amp as buffer and study its application using potential divider arrangement.
- 12. Use of Op-Amp as comparator (use of input protection diode)
- Use of Op-Amp as Schmitt trigger
- 14. Study of the waveforms in simple AM circuit.
- 15. Study of FSK
- 16. Study of IC555 in monostable mode
- 17. Study of IC555 as astable multivibrator

NOTE Students must perform 15 experiments out of the above list.

# ELECTRONICS (XII) (PAPER-II) (Practical-II)

4 periods - week)

### TOPICS :

- Study of logic gates and verification of DeMorgan's theorems.
- Implementation of logic using gates for a given equation
- 3. Study of Ex-OR gate and its use as controlled invertor
- Determination of noise margin from actual voltage measurement in TTL gales.
- Construction of RS flip flop using NAND gates
- Study of Multiplexer IC 74153 (Dual 4 to 1 mux)
- 7. Study of DeMultiplexer using IC 74139 (Dual 4 to 1 max)
- 8. Study of encoder using IC 74147 (Decimal to BCD)
- 9. Study of decoder using IC 7447/7448
- 10. Study of decade counter using IC 7490
- 11. Construction ofhalf adder
- 12. Full adder using gales
- 13. Study of full adder using IC 7483
- 14. Square wave generator using Schmitt trigger invertor
- D-A convertor using R-2R ladder and Op-Amp.
- Study of diode matrix ROM
- Identification of different parts of computer. Format a floppy disc. Prepare an index of all experiments and take a printout.

NOTE: Students must perform atleast 15 experiments out of above list.

### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

- Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits.
   By: Bhargava, Gupta, Kulshreshtha
- 2. Basic Electronics
  By : Grob
- 3. Electronic Instrumentation and Measuring Techniques
  By : Cooper and Helfrick
- 4. Electronic Principles By : A.P. Malvino
- 5. Communication Electronics
  By : Frenzel
- 6. Modern Digital Electronics By: R.P.Jain
- 7. Digital Computer Electronics By: A.P. Malvino
- 8. Computer and Commansense By : Hunt and Shelly